

5410 McConnell Avenue, Los Angeles, CA 90066 U.S.A. T 310-822-7771 F 310-822-2920

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

PRODUCT NAMES: Imported Urea-Formaldehyde Bonded unfinished or UV coated

hardwood panels with veneer, MDF cores, bending panels, particleboard,

lumber cores.

SYNONYMS: Hardwood plywood, pre-finished plywood, bending plywood, particle-

board or MDF.

DESCRIPTION: This panel product contains a hardwood veneer face (occasionally a

decorative softwood face) bonded to wood components such as other wood veneer, particleboard, or medium density fiberboard (MDF) using a non-urea-formaldehyde resin. Typically provided at 4'x8' sizes, but also available in other sizes. Thicknesses range from 2.7mm to

25.4mm.

POTENTIAL AIRBORNE RELEASES: The product may release small quantities of formaldehyde (CAS

No. 50-00-0) in gaseous form. Emissions decrease through time as the panels age. Manual or mechanical cutting or abrasion processes

performed on the product can result in generation of wood dust.

PHYSICAL DATA:

Boiling Point Not applicable

Specific Gravity (H2O = 1) <1

Vapor Density Not applicable

% Volatiles By Vol. 0

Melting Point Not

t Not applicable

Vapor Pressure

Not applicable

Solubility in H2O (% by wt.)

<0.1%

Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1)

Not applicable

pH

Not applicable

Appearance and Odor

Light to dark color. Color and odor are dependent upon wood species.

*This fact sheet is for products that have not been finished (coated, laminated, or overlaid) or treated (for example, with preservative or fire retardant).

FIRE AND EXPLOSION DATA:

Flash Point Not Applicable

Auto Ignition Temperature

Not available (will depend upon duration of exposure to heat source

and other variables)

Explosive Limits in Air

r See below under "Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards" a Water, Carbon dioxide, Sand

Extinguishing Media Special Fire Fighting Procedures

Mono

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

Sawing, sanding or machining can produce dust as a by-product, which may present an explosion hazard if a dust cloud contacts an

ignition source. An airborne concentration of 40 grams of dust per

cubic meter of air is often used as the LEL for wood dust.



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REACTIVITY DATA:

Conditions Contributing to Instability

Stable under normal conditions.

Incompatibility Avoid contact with oxidizing agents. Avoid open flame. Product may

ignite in excess of 400° F.

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Thermal and/or thermal oxidative decomposition can produce irritating and and toxic fumes and gases, including carbon monoxide, hydrogen cyanide, aldehydes, organic acids and polynuclear aromatic compounds.

Hazardous Polymerization Not applicable

HEALTH EFFECTS INFORMATION:

Exposure Limits:

Formaldehyde

OSHA PEL-TWA

 $0.75 \mathrm{ppm}$

OSHA PEL-STEL

ppm

ACGIH TLV-CEILING

0.3 ppm

Wood Dust (all soft and hard woods

except Western red cedar)

OSHA PEL-TWA

5mg/m3

OSHA PEL-STEL

10mg/m3

Wood Dust (Western red cedar)

Wood Dust (Softwood)

OSHA PEL-TWA ACGIH TLV-TWA 2.5MG/M3 5mg/m3

Wood dust (certain hardwoods such as beech and oak)

Eve Contact

ACGIH TLV-TWA

1mg/m3

Gaseous formaldehyde may cause temporary irritation or a burning

sensation. Wood dust can cause mechanical irritation.

Skin Contact

Both formaldehyde and various species of wood may evoke allergic

contact dermatitis in sensitized individuals. Not likely to occur.

Ingestion Inhalation:

Gaseous Formaldehyde

May cause temporary irritation to eyes, nose, and throat. Some reports suggest that formaldehyde may cause respiratory sensitization, such as asthma, and that pre-existing respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure.

Formaldehyde is listed by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) as a probable human carcinogen. The National Toxicology Program (NTP) includes formaldehyde in the Annual Report on Carcinogen.

Formaldehyde is regulated by OSHA as a potential cancer agent. In studies involving rats, formaldehyde has been shown to cause nasal cancer after long-term exposure to very high concentration (14+ppm). Far above those normally found in the workplace using this product. The National Cancer Institute (NCI) conducted an epidemiological study of industrial workers exposed to formaldehyde (published June 1986). The NCI concluded that the data provides little evidence that mortality from cancer is associated with formaldehyde exposure at the levels experienced by workers in the study.

Wood dust

May cause nasal dryness, irritation and obstruction. Coughing, wheezing, and sneering, sinusitis and prolonged colds have also been reported. Depending on species, may cause respiratory sensitization and/or irritation. Prolonged exposure to wood dust has been reported by some observers to be associated with nasal cancer. Wood dust is not listed as a carcinogen by IARC, NTP, or OSHA.



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GENERALLY APPLICABLE CONTROL MEASURE:

Formaldehyde Provide adequate ventilation to reduce the possible buildup of

formaldehyde gas, particularly when high temperatures occur.

Wood Dust Avoid dusty conditions and provide good ventilation.

Ventilation Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation to keep airborne

contaminant concentration levels below the OSHA PELs.

Personal Protective Equipment Wear goggles or safety glasses when manufacturing or machining the

product. Wear NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator when the allowable exposure limits may be exceeded. Other protective equipment such as

gloves and outer garments may be needed on dust conditions.

Fire Prevention Avoid open flames or other sources. Fire extinguisher must be readily

available and easy to find.

EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

Eyes Flush eyes with large amounts of water. Remove to fresh air. If

irritation persists, get medical attention.

Skin Wash affected areas with soap and water. Get medical advise if rash or

persistent irritation or dermatitis occurs.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Get medical advise if persistent irritation, severe

coughing or breathing difficulty occurs.

Ingestion Not applicable

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MANUFACTURE ADDRESS: 5410 McConnell Avenue, Los Angeles, CA 90066

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Supercedes Date: N/A

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